The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Tuesday, June 27, 1727.

From the St. James's Evening-Post, June 20.

Petersburg, June 1.

ON the 27th past the Obsequies of the Empress were performed with an extraordinary Pomp and Magnificence: The illustrious mournful Company set out from the Imperial Palace, cross'd the River Neva, and proceeded to the Church of the Holy Trinity; from whence they went in Procession to the Church of St. Peter and St. Paul, where the Empress's Corpse was interred, near that of the Emperor her late Husband. Besides the Will lately mentioned, the following Particulars are remarkable, viz. The Council of Regency, which is to Govern during the Emperor's Minority, and which shall consist of the following Persons, viz. of the two Princesses my Daughters, the Duke of Holstein, Prince Menzicoff, and five other Councellors, and whatever passes in that Council by a Majority, shall be deemed an irrevocable Law; however, the said Council shall neither have Power nor Authority, to change any Thing in the order of the Succession I have thought fit to settle and prescribe by this my last Will as a Fundamental Law, which shall perpetually subsist and never be repelled. The Grand Duke shall assist at the Deliberations of this Council, whose decisive Power shall last till the Grand Duke has attained 16 Years, when their Authority shall cease, and the Emperor my Successor take the Reins of Government in his own Hands; but he shall have no Right to call this Council to an Account for their Transactions. The Affair of the Constitution of the Dutchy of Sleswick to the Duke of Holstein, shall be warmly espoused, so that his Royal Highness may be effectually restored to his Hereditary Dominions, and when the Grand Duke shall be of Age, he shall push on the Affair with the utmost Vigour, in case no Expedient can be found to terminate the same during his Minority. I consent that my Daughter the Princess Elizabeth may chuse for her Consort the Bishop of Lubeck, Duke of Sleswick and Holstein, and I give them my Maternal Blessing. Whenever the Duke of Holstein has a Mind to retire from hence, he shall be furnished for his Journey, and for transporting his Effects with the necessary Carriages and Ships, the whole at the Expence of the Emperor my Successor. The Will concludes with these Words, Cursed be he who hinders the Execution of this my Will directly or indirectly, either in whole or in Part.

London, June 20. On Sunday-morning the Queen sent for the Dutchess Dowager of Marlborough, who was with her Majesty some Hours.

Isaac Le-heup, Esq; who was appointed by the late King, Envoy Extraordinary to the K. of Sweden, and who was at Harwich going to embark for Stockholm, is returned to Town.

The Countess of Pichourg, Aunt to the Queen, is to continue in her Apartment in St. James's Palace; where Apartments are fitting up for his R. Highness the Prince of Wales.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, June 27.

Paris, June 22. Philip Roper, Lord Tynham and Peer of England, of a Catholick Family died the 15th in this City, aged 19 Years: He had embraced the Religion of the Church of England, but abjured the same at his Death. On *Corpus Christi* Day, a Lady who declined to tell who she was, made a Present to the Church of St. Paul, of a Crown adorned with Diamonds worth 5 or 6000 Livres to adorn the Holy Sacrament with. Our Actions are up at 1200.

Copenhagen, June 21. The Death of the Empress of Russia having entirely changed the Face of Affairs, they talk of disarming our Squadron, and that Admiral Norris will furthwith return to England. We hear that a Russian Man of War, whereof the Captain is a Scotsman, has taken and carried into Riga, two Danish Merchant Ships. 'Tis added, that this Man of War had taken another belonging to Conigsberg, but that she was dismissed on Consideration of the good Understanding subsisting between Russia and his Prussian Majesty.

Barcelona, June 6. A Courier Extraordinary, dispatched from Madrid, is arrived here, with Orders to admit into all our Ports, the Squadron

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French Men of War and Galleys, that are ſailed from Toulon and Marſeilles, and to furniſh them with all manner of Refreſhments whereof they may have need, in caſe they ſhould be obliged to anchor on our Coaſts.

Bruſſels, June 22. They are hard at Work upon a Sluce at Dunkirk, on the Side of St. Winox, to prevent all Inundations at High Sea. Advices from Rome give us reaſon to believe, that the Pope's Nuncios at Vienna, Paris and Madrid, will be created Cardinals, in recompence for their good Offices in bringing about the Pacification of the Troubles of Europe.

Hanover, June 24. Yeſterday-morning arrived here a Courier from Oſnaburg, with the ſad News of the Death of the K. of G. Britain; having been ſeized on the Road with a violent Cholick, followed by a Lethargy; they had doubled the Number of the Horſes in the Coach, to make the better way, but that this Attack continued till they arrived at Oſnaburg, where his Majeſty was found aſleep and ſpeechleſs, and where he departed in the Night-time between the 21ſt and 22d: Wherewith the Biſhop of Oſnaburg his Brother was ſo afflicted, that he fell ſick. Upon the Arrival of this Courier, the Privy Council aſſembled, and reſolved to ſend Mr. Wangenheim to London, to make their Compliments of Condolance to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, and to receive his Orders. They who had the Honour to accompany his Majeſty, wait at Oſnaburg for Orders from England, whether they are to come hither, or return to England.

From the Evening Poſt, June 20.

Hamburg, June 20. Letters from Copenhagen of the 17th ſay, That Admiral Norris having diſpatched a Major to Hanover, 'twas thought he would wait his Return before he ſailed for the Coaſt of Ruſſia.

Oſtend, June 21. In the General Aſſembly of our India Company the 11th inſt it was reſolved, That the Dividend of their Actions ſhall be the ſame as the preceeding Years.

Ceuta, May 26. The Party of King Muly Hamet increaſes daily: The Reports that were ſpread of his Cruelty and Debauchries are entirely falſe and groundleſs; for on the contrary, he is very charitable, particularly to Chriſtians: Before his Acceſſion to the Throne, when he was only Sheriff, he very frequently viſited the Monks of St. Francis at Mequinez, and ſince his Acceſſion, has aſſured them of his Protection, and preſented them with 100 Slaves, whom he gave them Leave to chooſe as they thought fit. He alſo gave Orders, That for the future his Chriſtian Slaves be put to no Work but improving his Gardens, the Foundery of Guns, and the Powder Mills.

From the Flying Poſt, June 20.

Hague, June 24. The Lord Viſcount Townſhend has concerted ſome Meaſures here, that will certainly prove very acceptable to the Britiſh Court.

London, June 20. We hear that his Royal Highneſs Prince Frederick, now Prince of Wales, will be ſent for over before the Coronation; and his Court will be at Leiceſter-houſe.

Prince William will ſoon be created Knight of the Garter.

A particular Court and Officers are ordered for her Majeſty, and a Dower to maintain her Royal Dignity.

S. S. Stock, 112, 5 8ths, &c.

Wye's Letter verbatim, London, June 22.

Since our laſt arrived a Mail from France

LEtters from Paris of the 28th Inſtant adviſe, that it was reported there that the Duke de Boufflers would be nominated Ambaſſador of that Crown to the King of Spain. Mean Time 'tis ſaid that the French Troops poſted on the Saar and thereabouts, to the Number of about 30,000 Men, are to remain there without any Reduction, till after the Iſſue of the Congreſs, which however cannot but have the deſired Succeſs, eſpecially ſince his Catholick Majeſty has ſigned all the Preliminary Articles without any Exception in Relation to Gibraltar, the Attack of which Place the Count de las Torres had orders to give over, and to put the Troops under his Command into Quarters of Refreſhment.

On the other Hand, we are told that the Government, immediately after the Arrival of the Expreſs with News of the King of Spain's ſigning the Articles for a general Peace in Europe, ſent Orders to the Earl of Portmore Governor of Gibraltar, to forbear any further Hoſtilities.

The above Letters add, That by their laſt Advices from Madrid, they were informed that his Catholick Majeſty was recovered from his late Indiſpoſition. Mean Time it appears that he has been

been blooded 3 Times in his Arm, and once in his Foot.

We had an Account Yesterday of divers of our Ships being taken by the Spaniards: But 'tis assured, that Orders are given by the Court of Madrid that they may be restored, as also all the Treasure brought by the Flotilla belonging to the English Merchants.

Considerable Quantities of our Manufactures are ready for embarking, and a-packing up, in order to be transported to Spain; it being apprehended, that Trade will soon be opened again with that Nation.

Divers odd Reports are spread about, particularly in relation to the Dutchess of Kendal: But whether she will think fit to return to England, we know not. Mean time 'tis discoursed, That her Grace's Baggage is sent for from Germany by order of his Majesty, who's determined to make a Reform in relation to her Pension; and that nothing but the English Tongue will be spoke at Court, unless by those who do not understand the same, whereof there are now but few, except the Foreign Ambassadors.

Yesterday the Officers belonging to the General Post office took the Oaths to his Majesty, and all the other Offices are doing the like.

Notwithstanding the Discourse that has been raised by some People, nothing is yet done as can shew that any Alterations are design'd, at least, as to the present Ministry.

Mean-time no Speech from the Throne was ever more desir'd or long'd for, than that which his Majesty is to make next Tuesday to the Parliament.

This Day, at a Meeting of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council, an Address to his Majesty was moved for by his Lordship; and the same being drawn up by a Committee, was read; but that Part of it which related to the Preservation of Portmahon and Gibraltar, the Recorder said, That it would seem to carry Diffidence and Reflection, since the Government had taken so much Care for securing both; and that the 2d Article of the sign'd Preliminaries so effectually secured them to us. After Debate on the Question put, the Court divided, and carried it by a Vote of about 20 Majority, That it should be Part of the Address. Hereupon the Aldermen put their Negative upon it, which raised some Warmth; and the Consequence was, That the Common Council put afterwards their Negative upon the Aldermen: So that the Address was dropt for present.

Their Majesties Coronation is fixed for the 1st of August next.

From the Whitehall Evening-Post, June 22.

Paris, June 28. Letters from Madrid say, That the Squadron which sailed the 17th past from Corunna, had already taken some English Ships going with Provisions to Gibraltar: And a Report runs, that the Siege of Gibraltar is turned into a Blockade.

Algiers, May 26. In 2 or 3 Days will sail the 4 North-British Ships, which our Cruizers took in their Voyage from Bourdeaux to Scotland.

Madrid, June 16. We have Advice from Corunna, that the Men of War which sailed from thence on a Cruize the Beginning of last Month, were returned with 12 English Prizes.

London, June 22. Their Majesties Coronation is fixed for October next; and the Peers and Peeresses are getting ready their Coronets.

Letters from Bilboa of the 16th Inst. say, that their Privateers were very successful, few Days passing without some English Vessels being brought in there, or to St. Sebastian's.

They write from Nantz of the 9th Inst. O. S. That on the 5th a Spanish Privateer had taken off Belle Isle 3 English Ships.

From the Flying Post, June 22.

London, June 22. There is a warm Press upon the River, for manning the two Men of War last put in Commission.

From the Evening Post, June 22.

Madrid, June 10. The King arrived here this Day from Aranjuez, with the Queen and the rest of the Royal Family.

Algiers, May 26. Four North-British Ships, taken by our Cruizers in their Voyage from Bourdeaux for Scotland, have been set at Liberty; the British Consul having made appear that they were taken in the British Seas, and so needed no Passes.

Paris, June 28. The King went into Mourning this Day for three Weeks, on Account of the Death of the Czarina, which was notified to his Majesty the 24th of this Month by Prince Kurakin.

London, June 22. Letters from Malaga of the

19th

10th of June advise, That the Day before two Spanish Privateers brought in there three English Ships two of which laden at Leghorn, one for Lisbon the other for London; the 3d for London, loaded at Gallipoli; viz. The *Bourdeaux Factor*, Captain Bennet; The *Loyaby*, Captain Cornish, who was killed and one of his Men, and *South Galley* Captain James Norman, who fought three Hours, and killed two of the Privateers Men.

Yesterday came Letters from Sir Charles Wager, from off Port St. Mary by Cadiz, as did the Day before from Sir John Norris near Copenhagen in the Baltick, by which there is an Account among other Things, that the Squadrons under their Commands, were in good Order, and the Men in good Health.

Edinburgh, June 27. On Tuesday the 20th Inst. his Majesty's Solicitor presented to the Court of Session, the Oath relating to the Security of the Church of Scotland, taken and signed by his Majesty upon his Accession to the Crown, and witnessed by the Lords of Council, in order to its being recorded in the Books of Sederunt, and afterwards lodged in the publick Registers of Scotland: Which was accordingly ordered to be done by the Court.

Yesterday his Majesty's Gold Plate was run for on Leith Sands, and won by a Horse of Watson, Esq; of South Britain.

From the St. James's Evening Post, June 22.

London, June 22. Yesterday his Grace the Duke of Somerset waited on his Majesty at Kensington, and met with a most gracious Reception.

A House is hired in Park-Palace in St. James's Street for the Dutchess of Kendal, and the Countess of Walsingham, who are daily expected here from Osnaburg.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ Notice is hereby given, That there has been in the Custody of the Constable of the Caldtoun during the Space of six Months last past, a Side Sadle, a Plaid, some Linens, a Hood and Mantle, a Riding Skirt, a Hanger with a Belt and some other Things of small Value, which were seized because they were suspected to have been stoln. Therefore that if any Person shall claim the same, and prove their Property thereto, on or before the first of July next, the same shall be restored on Payment of the Expence thereon chargeable, and that if the same shall not be claimed within the Space foresaid, they will be disposed of.

¶ To be sold at Craigiehall, 4 Miles West from Edinburgh, a fine Milk Ass, with a She Colt, the Person who has the Disposal of them, is to be spoke with at the House of Craigiehall.

§ The Lands of GOGAR, lying in the Shire of Clackmannan and Parish of Alloa, are design'd to be sold by a voluntar Roup, on FRIDAY the 8th Day of June current. There is a well-contriv'd House, having 16 Fire-rooms, Closets, &c. included, with a large Stable, Granary and other Office-houses, commodiously situate from the House, as the Gardens, and all the Places of Inclosures and Planting are; with a Dovecoat, a Parterre well furnished with Variety of Ever-greens; From which lies a Belvedere of Beech and all other barren Planting, with Vistoes terminating on some of the finest Seats on the River of Forth, such as Kennet, Clackmannan, Airth, Elphingston, Torwoodhead and Alloa. The Ground lies almost in the Form of a Semicircle, all arable or planted, to the Extent of 277 Acres, (the House standing near the Centre) a good deal of it already inclosed, and the Whole may be so at a very easy Expence, there being one of the best Free-stone Quarreys in all the Country, on the East part, which wants chiefly to be brought in. There is Clay to be had in several Places whereof good Brick has been already made, and the Clay at hand to be burnt for Manoure: Also Limestone to be had from Alloa very cheap. The Ground is almost incompassed with Coal works, within less than half a Mile, or a Mile of it. The Land has been for a great many Years neglected, by occasional Incumbrances, and chiefly for want of Money to lay out on it; which may be done to evident Advantage, and the present Value doubled, by due Industry. Further Information about this Affair, may be had from M. *James Macewan*, Bookseller over-against the Cross, or from Mr, *William Veich*, at his Writing-chamber in Edinburgh.

¶ That there is to be exposed to Sale, by public Roup upon the Twenty-eighth Day of June current, in the House of James Fullarton, Vintner in Edinburgh, betwixt 4 & 5 in the Afternoon, a LODGING in the Back-Land of the Writers Court, first Door below the Signet-Office; consisting of five Fire rooms, Kitchen, Garret, Cellar, and other Conveniencies, mostly well finished. The Rental, Conditions of Roup, and Progress of Writs, may be seen in the Hands of Archbald Tod Writer in Edinburgh, at his Writing-chamber entring from the Parliament-Close, near the new Insurance-office.

☞ 'Tis to be set up at Ten Years Purchase, altho' Insured, and the Insurance Premium paid; so that the Purchaser is free of its Payment, and entitled to its Benefit.

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